- (1) Filed a complaint under or related to §216 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1186), or this subpart or any other DOL regulation promulgated pursuant to §216 of the INA:
- (2) Instituted or caused to be instituted any proceeding under or related to §216 of the INA, or this subpart or any other DOL regulation promulgated pursuant to §216 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1186):
- (3) Testified or is about to testify in any proceeding under or related to §216 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1186), or this subpart or any other DOL regulation promulgated pursuant to §216 of the INA;
- (4) Consulted with an employee of a legal assistance program or an attorney on matters related to §216 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1186), or this subpart or any other DOL regulation promulgated pursuant to §216 of the INA; or
- (5) Exercised or asserted on behalf of himself/herself or others any right or protection afforded by §216 of the INA (8 U.S.C. 1186), or this subpart or any other DOL regulation promulgated pursuant to §216 of the INA.
- (h) Fees. The application shall include the assurance that fees will be paid in a timely manner, as follows:
- (1) Amount. The fee for each employer receiving a temporary alien agricultural labor certification is \$100 plus \$10 for each job opportunity for H-2A workers certified, provided that the fee for an employer for each temporary alien agricultural labor certification received shall be no greater than \$1,000. In the case of a joint employer association receiving a temporary alien agricultural labor certification, the fee for each employer-member receiving a temporary alien agricultural labor certification shall be \$100 plus \$10 for each job opportunity for H-2A workers certified, provided that the fee for an employer for each temporary alien agricultural labor certification received shall be no greater than \$1,000. The joint employer association will not be charged a separate fee. Fees shall be paid by a check or money order made payable to "Department of Labor", and are nonrefundable. In the case of employers of H-2A workers which are members of a joint employer association applying on their behalf, the aggregate fees for all employers of H-2A

- workers under the application may be paid by one check or money order.
- (2) *Timeliness*. Fees received by the RA within 30 calendar days after the date of the temporary alien agricultural labor certification determination are timely.

[52 FR 20507, June 1, 1987, as amended by 55 FR 29358, July 19, 1990]

§ 655.104 Determinations based on acceptability of H-2A applications.

- (a) Local office activities. The local office, using the job offer portion of the H-2A application, shall promptly prepare a local job order and shall begin to recruit U.S. workers in the area of intended employment. The RA should notify the State or local office by telephone no later than seven calendar days after the application was received by the RA if the application has been accepted for consideration. Upon receiving such notice or seven calendar days after the application is received by the local office, whichever is earlier, the local office shall promptly prepare an agricultural clearance order which will permit the recruitment of U.S. workers by the Employment Service System on an intrastate and interstate basis.
- (b) Regional office activities. The RA, upon receipt of the H-2A application, shall promptly review the application to determine whether it is acceptable for consideration under the timeliness and adverse effect criteria of §§ 655.101-655.103 of this part. If the RA determines that the application does not meet the requirements of §§655.101-655.103, the RA shall not accept the application for consideration on the grounds that the availability of U.S. workers cannot be adequately tested because the benefits, wages and working conditions do not meet the adverse effect criteria; however, if the RA determines that the application is not timely in accordance with §655.101 of this part and that neither the firstemployer provisions §655.101(c)(5) nor the emergency provisions of §655.101(f) apply, the RA may determine not to accept the application for consideration because there is not sufficient time to test the availability of U.S. workers.

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- (c) Rejected applications. If the application is not accepted for consideration, the RA shall notify the applicant in writing (by means normally assuring next-day delivery) within seven calendar days of the date the application was received by the RA with a copy to the local office. The notice shall:
- (1) State all the reasons the application is not accepted for consideration, citing the relevant regulatory standards:
- (2) Offer the applicant an opportunity for the resubmission within five calendar days of a modified application, stating the modifications needed in order for the RA to accept the application for consideration;
- (3) Offer the applicant an opportunity to request an expedited administrative review of or a de novo administrative hearing before an administrative law judge of the nonacceptance; the notice shall state that in order to obtain such a review or hearing, the employer, within seven calendar days of the date of the notice, shall file by facsimile (fax), telegram, or other means normally assuring next day delivery a written request to the Chief Administrative Law Judge of the Department of Labor (giving the address) and simultaneously serve a copy on the RA; the notice shall also state that the employer may submit any legal arguments which the employer believes will rebut the basis of the RA's action; and
- (4) State that if the employer does not request an expedited administrative-judicial review or a *de novo* hearing before an administrative law judge within the seven calendar days no further consideration of the employer's application for temporary alien agricultural labor certification will be made by any DOL official.
- (d) Appeal procedures. If the employer timely requests an expedited administrative review or de novo hearing before an administrative law judge pursuant to paragraph (c)(3) of this section, the procedures at §655.112 of this part shall be followed.
- (e) Required modifications. If the application is not accepted for consideration by the RA, but the RA's written notification to the applicant is not timely as required by §655.101 of this part, the

certification determination will not be extended beyond 20 calendar days before the date of need. The notice will specify that the RA's temporary alien agricultural labor certification determination will be made no later than 20 calendar days before the date of need, provided that the applicant submits the modifications to the application which are required by the RA within five calendar days and in a manner specified by the RA which will enable the test of U.S. worker availability to be made as required by §655.101 of this part within the time available for such purposes.

[42 FR 45899, Sept. 13, 1977, as amended at 59 FR 41875, Aug. 15, 1994]

§655.105 Recruitment period.

(a) Notice of acceptance of application for consideration; required recruitment. If the RA determines that the H-2A application meets the requirements of §§ 655.101-655.103 of this part, the RA shall promptly notify the employer (by means normally assuring next-day delivery) in writing with copies to the State agency. The notice shall inform the employer and the State agency of the specific efforts which will be expected from them during the following weeks to carry out the assurances contained in \\$655.103 with respect to the recruitment of U.S. workers. The notice shall require that the job order be laced into intrastate clearance and into interstate clearance to such States as the RA shall determine to be potential sources of U.S. workers. The notice may require the employer to engage in positive recruitment efforts within a multi-State region of traditional or expected labor supply where the RA finds, based on current information provided by a State agency and such information as may be offered and provided by other sources, that there are a significant number of able and qualified U.S. workers who, if recruited, would likely be willing to make themselves available for work at the time and place needed. In making such a finding, the RA shall take into account other recent recruiting efforts in those areas and will attempt to avoid requiring employers to futilely